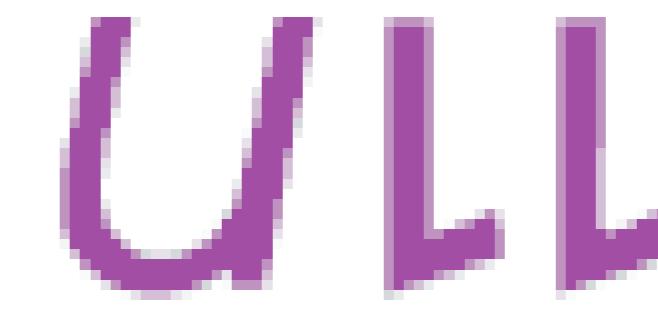




Examples of Dynamical Systems and their corresponding Limit Spaces, End Spaces and Decompositions

J. Manuel García Calcines
L. Javier Hernández Paricio
M. Teresa Rivas Rodríguez

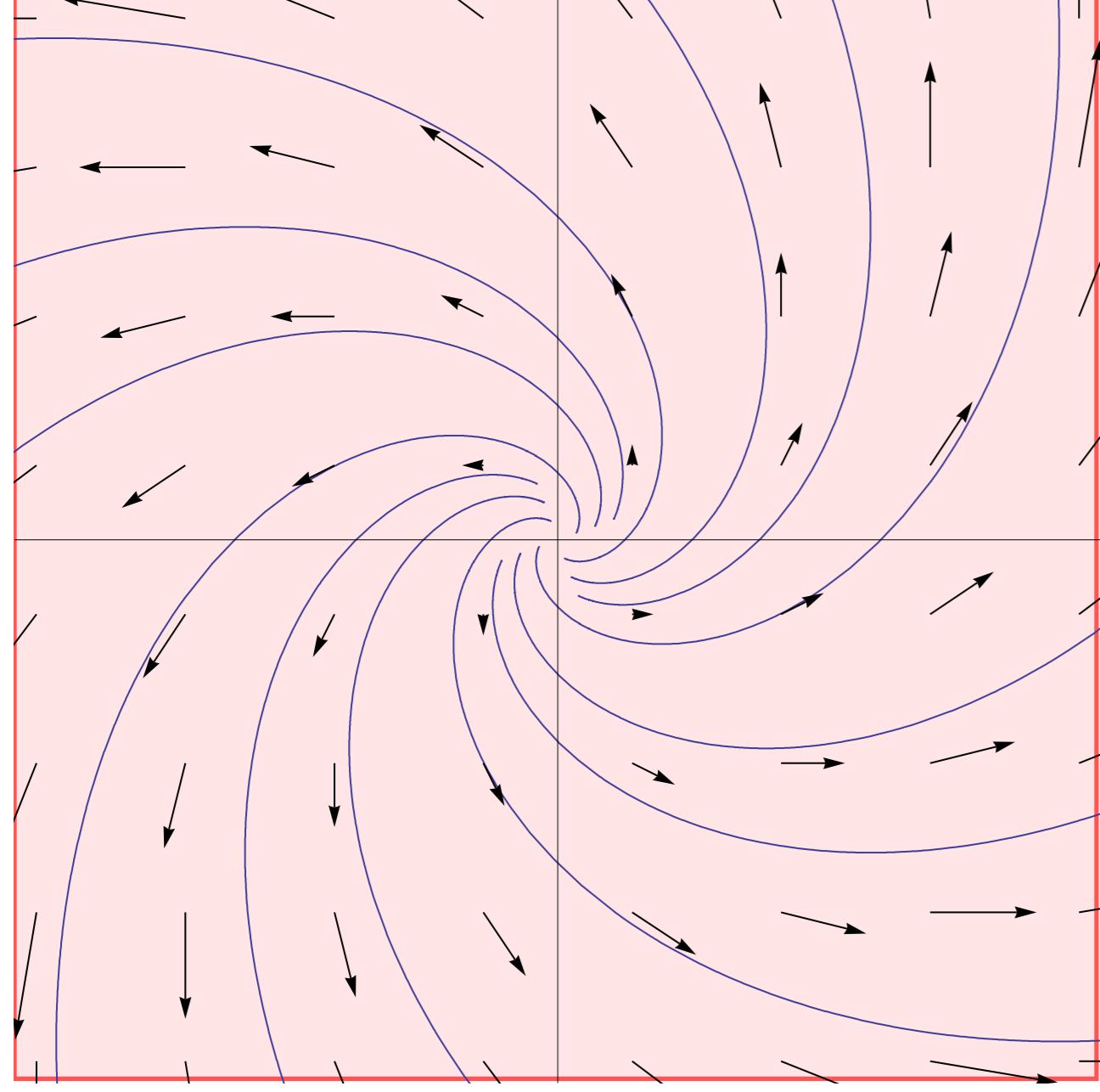


Departamento de
Matemática Fundamental
Universidad de La Laguna

Departamento de
Matemáticas y Computación
Universidad de La Rioja

1. Dynamical systems on \mathbb{C} and $S^2 = \mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\}$:

1.1.



$\phi: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \phi(r, u) = e^{rz}u,$
 $\phi(r, \infty) = \infty$ ($z \in \mathbb{C}, \operatorname{Re}(z) \neq 0$)

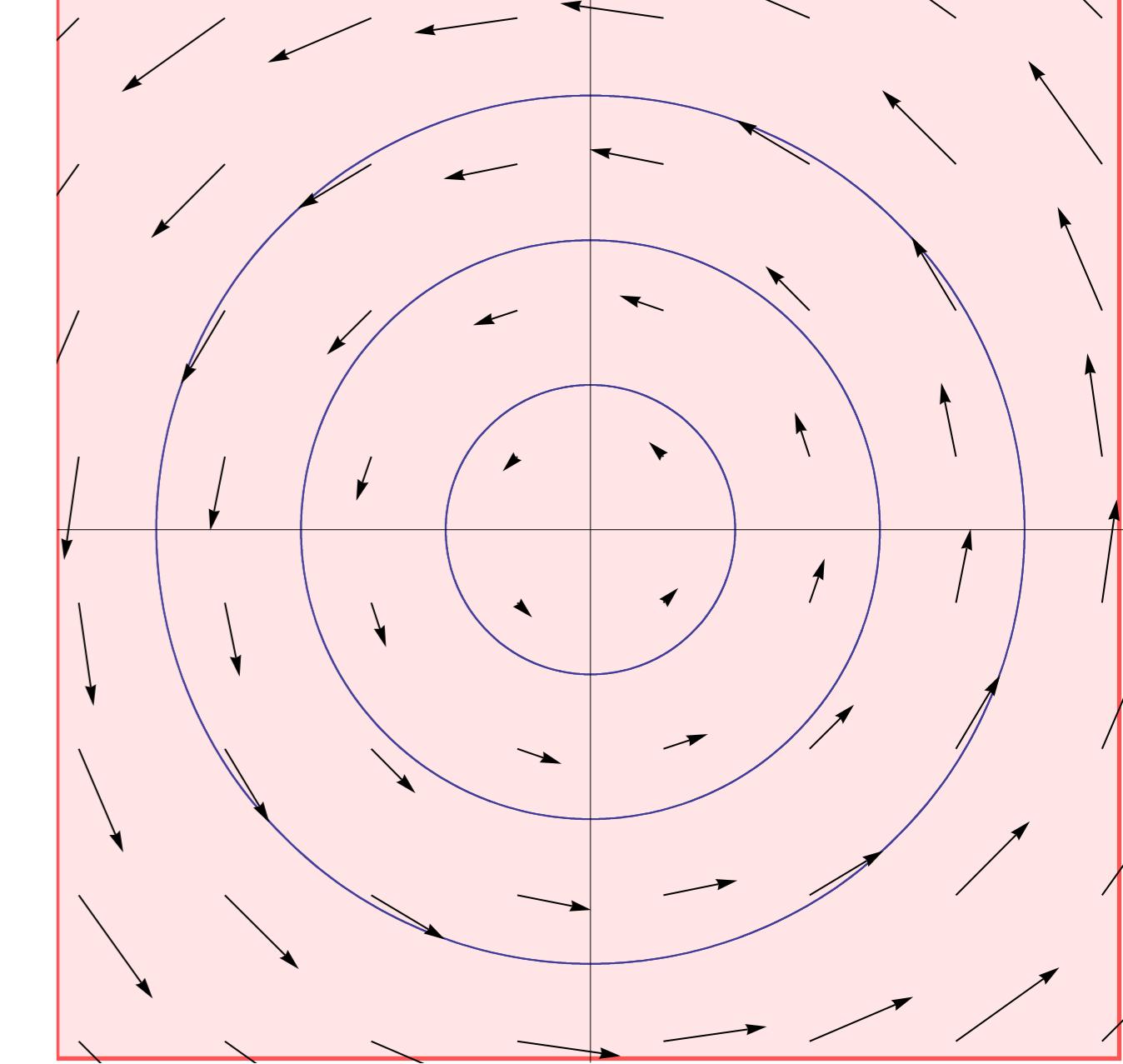
(\mathbb{C}, ϕ)	$L^r = \{0\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{0, \infty\}$
	$L_0^r = \{0\}$	$L_\infty^r = \emptyset$
	$X_{(r,0)} = \{0\}$	$X_{(r,\infty)} = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$
	$L^l = \{0\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{0\}$
	$L_0^l = \{0\}$	$X_{(l,0)} = \mathbb{C}$

(S^2, ϕ)	$L^r = \{0, \infty\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{0, \infty\}$
	$L_0^r = \{0\}$	$L_\infty^r = \{\infty\}$
	$X_{(r,0)} = \{0\}$	$X_{(r,\infty)} = S^2 \setminus \{0\}$
	$L^l = \{0, \infty\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{0, \infty\}$
	$L_0^l = \{0\}$	$L_\infty^l = \{\infty\}$
	$X_{(l,0)} = S^2 \setminus \{\infty\}$	$X_{(l,\infty)} = \{\infty\}$

1.2. $\varphi: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \varphi(r, u) = e^{rz}u,$
 $\varphi(r, \infty) = \infty$ ($0 \neq z \in \mathbb{C}, \operatorname{Re}(z) = 0$)

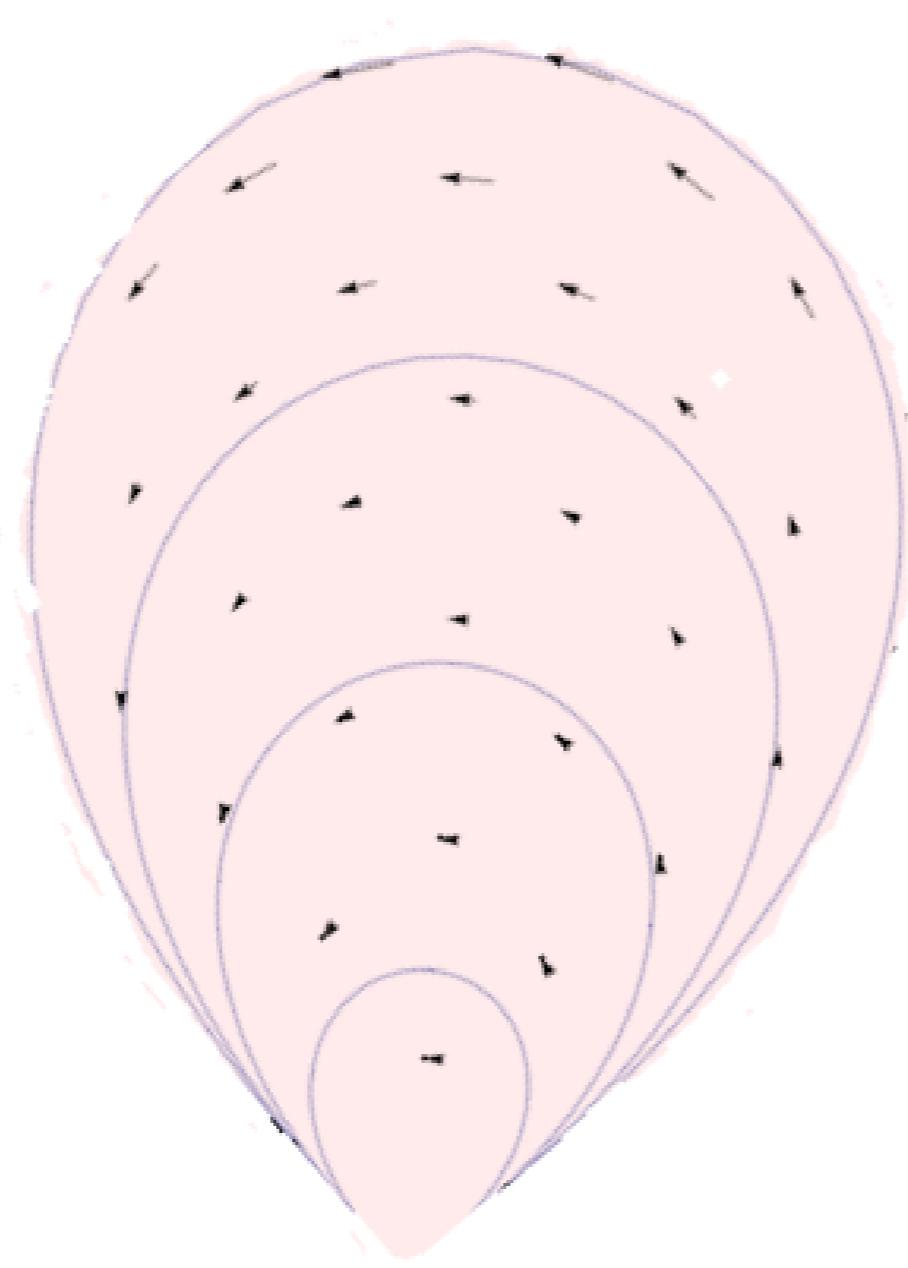
(\mathbb{C}, φ)	$L^r = \mathbb{C}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{*\}$
	$L_*^r = \mathbb{C}$	
	$X_{(r,*)} = \mathbb{C}$	
	$L^l = \mathbb{C}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{*\}$
	$L_*^l = \mathbb{C}$	
	$X_{(l,*)} = \mathbb{C}$	

(S^2, φ)	$L^r = S^2$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{*\}$
	$L_*^r = S^2$	
	$X_{(r,*)} = S^2$	
	$L^l = S^2$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{*\}$
	$L_*^l = S^2$	
	$X_{(l,*)} = S^2$	



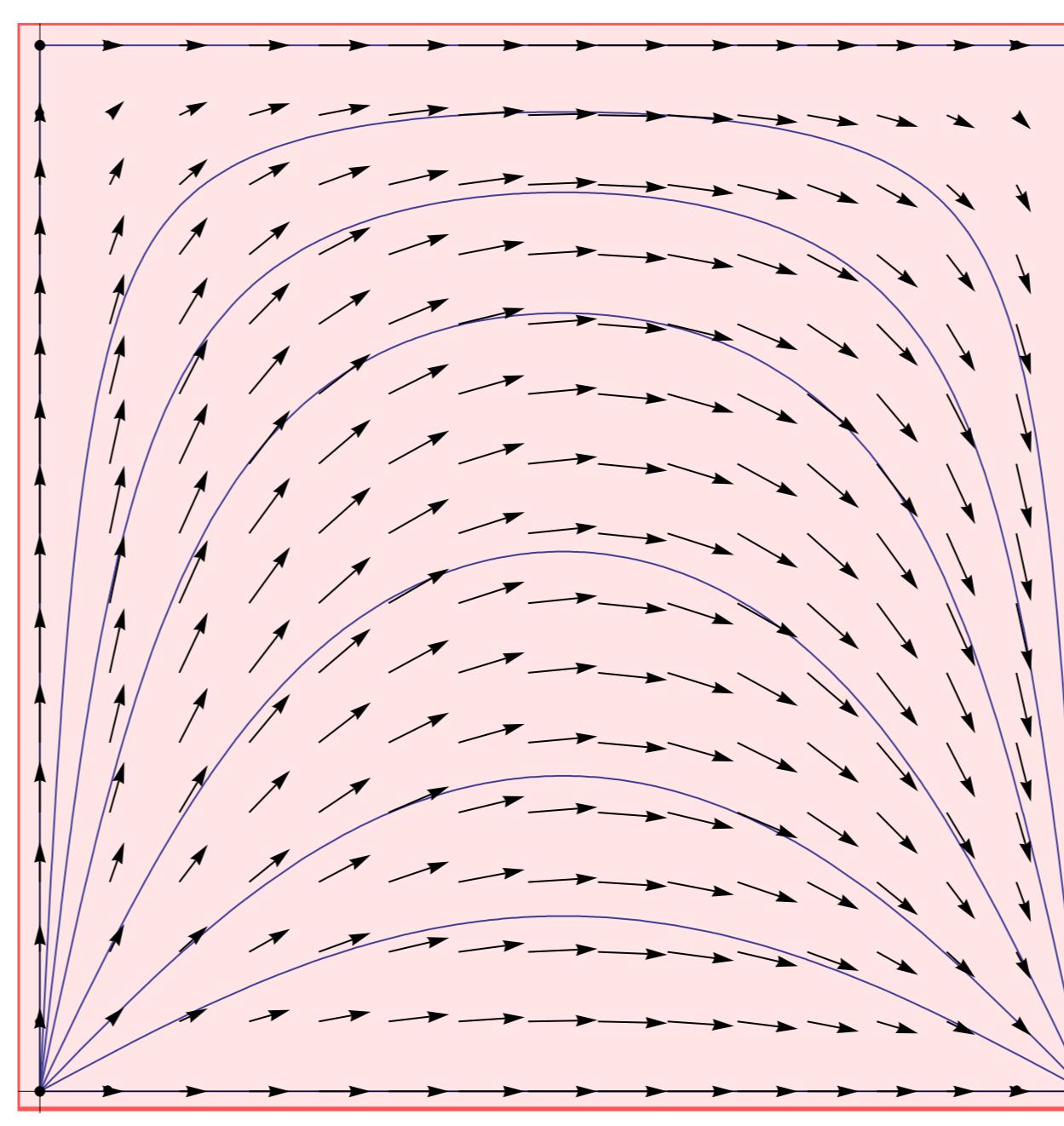
2. Dynamical systems on 2-cells:

2.1. $\phi: \mathbb{R} \times D^2 \rightarrow D^2$ with one critical point P



$L^r = \{P\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{P\}$
$L_P^r = \{P\}$	
$X_{(r,P)} = D^2$	
$L^l = \{P\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{P\}$
$L_P^l = \{P\}$	
$X_{(l,P)} = D^2$	

2.2.

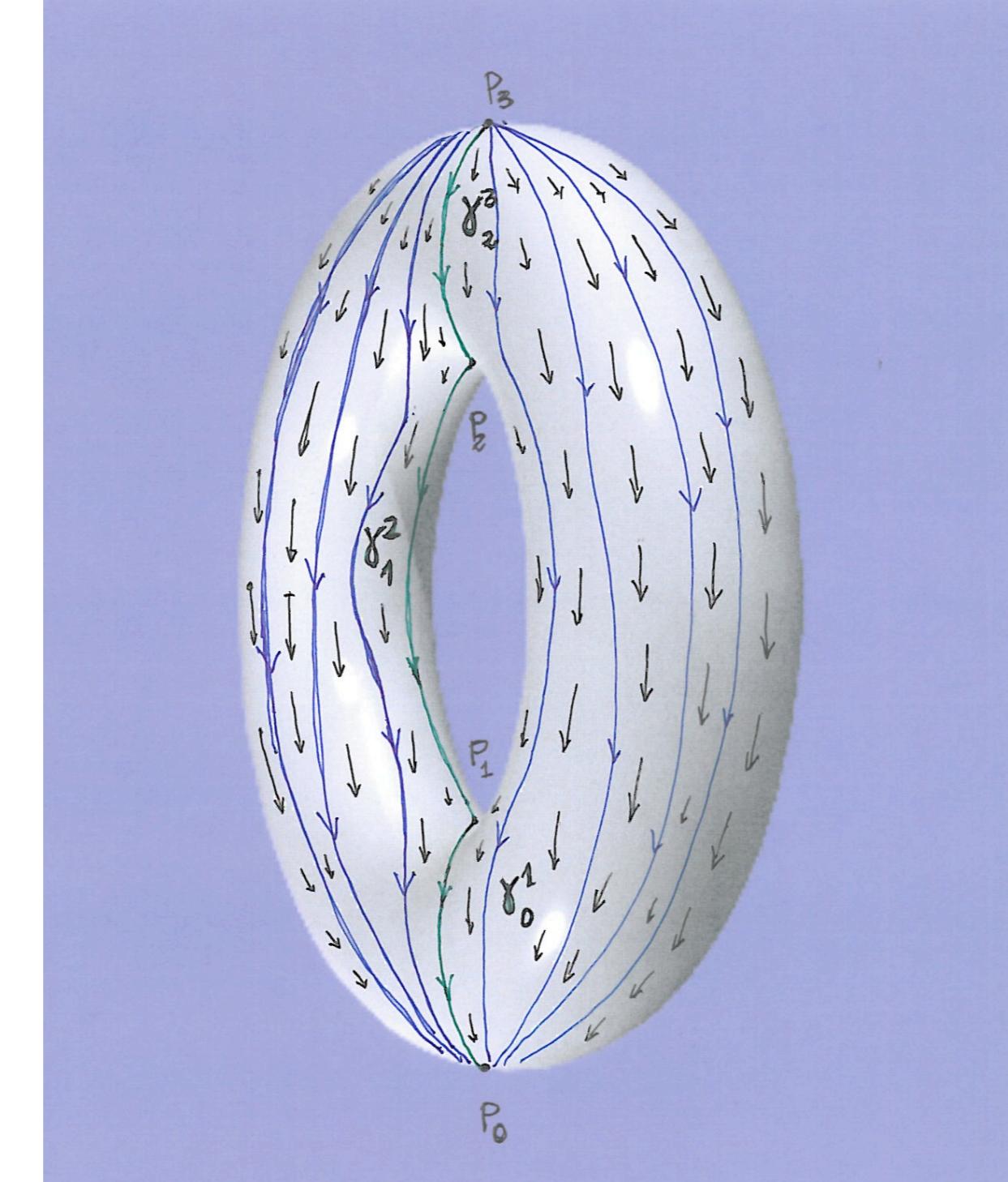


$\varphi: \mathbb{R} \times ([0,1] \times [0,1]) \rightarrow [0,1] \times [0,1]$ with four critical points $P_0^0 = (0,0), P_0^1 = (0,1), P_1^1 = (1,1), P_1^0 = (1,0)$

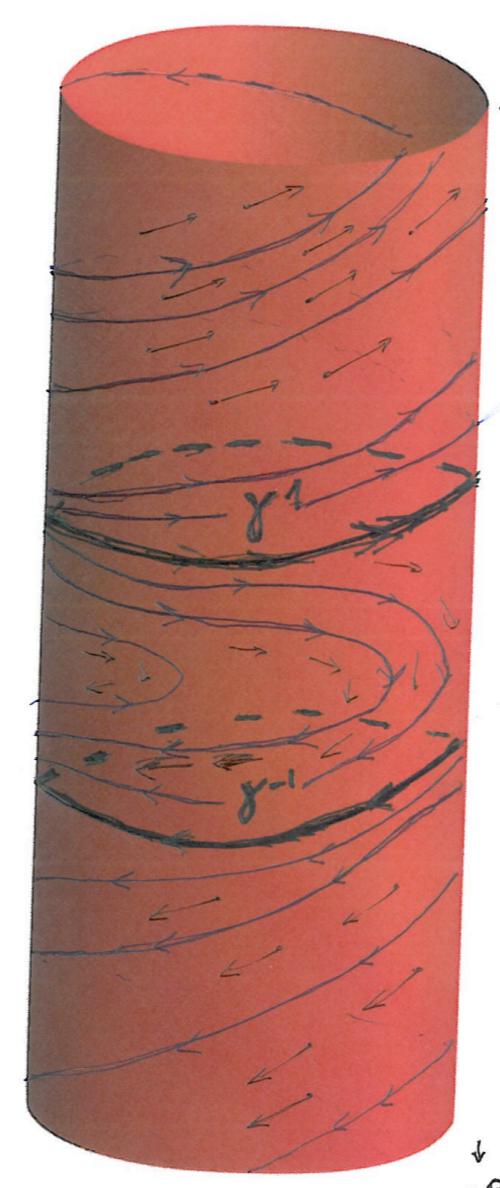
$L^r = \{P_0^0, P_0^1, P_1^1, P_1^0\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{P_0^0, P_0^1, P_1^1, P_1^0\}$
$L_{P_i}^r = \{P_i^j\}$	
$X_{(r,P_0^0)} = \{P_0^0\}$	$X_{(r,P_0^1)} = \{0\} \times (0,1]$
$X_{(r,P_1^1)} = (0,1] \times \{1\}$	$X_{(r,P_1^0)} = (0,1] \times [0,1)$
$L^l = \{P_0^0, P_0^1, P_1^1, P_1^0\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{P_0^0, P_0^1, P_1^1, P_1^0\}$
$L_{P_i}^l = \{P_i^j\}$	
$X_{(l,P_0^0)} = \{P_0^0\}$	$X_{(l,P_1^1)} = \{1\} \times (0,1]$
$X_{(l,P_1^1)} = [0,1] \times \{1\}$	$X_{(l,P_0^0)} = [0,1] \times [0,1)$

3. Dynamical systems on a torus and a cylinder:

3.1. $\phi: \mathbb{R} \times (S^1 \times S^1) \rightarrow S^1 \times S^1$ with four critical points (induced by the gradient of the height function)



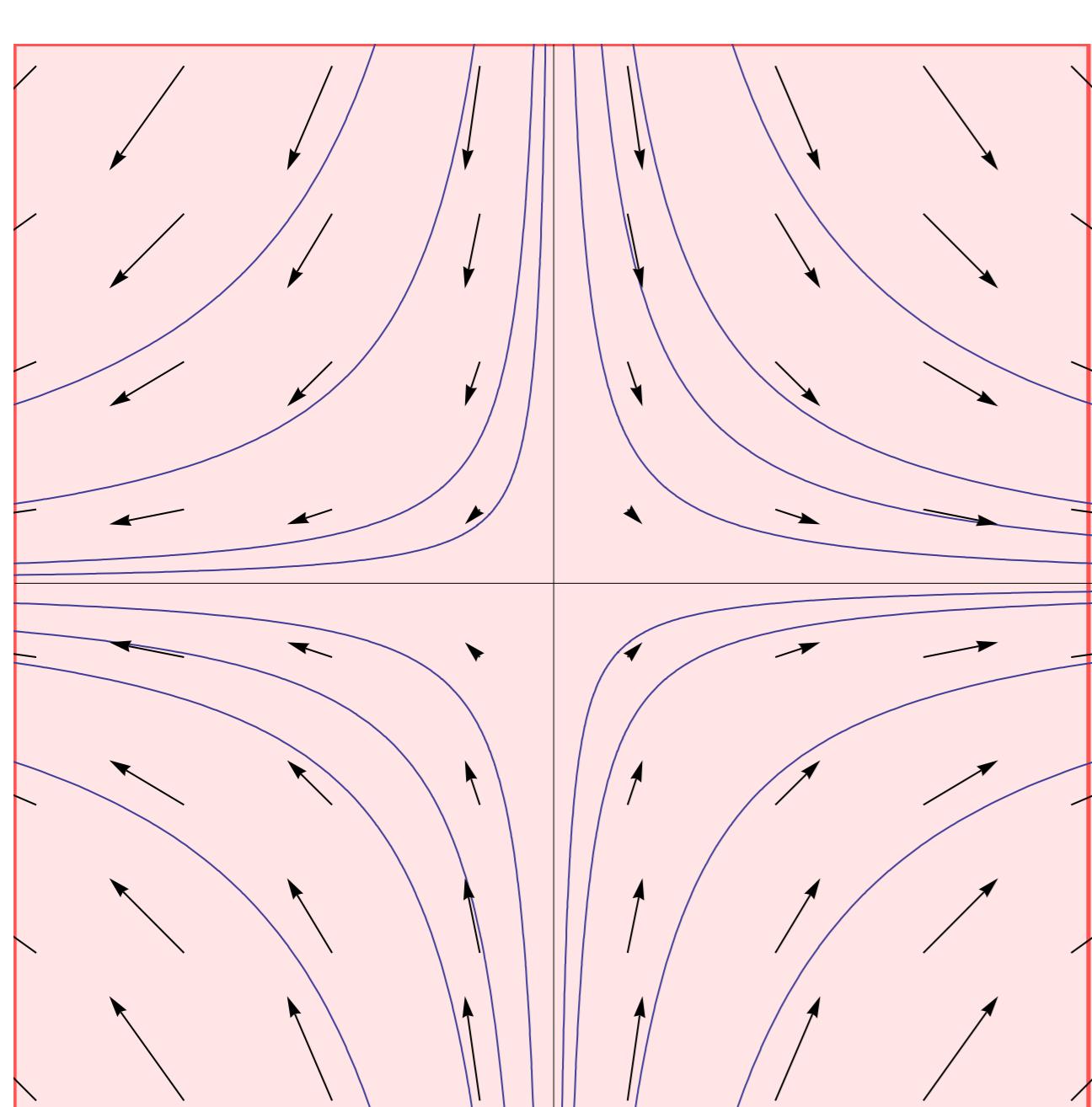
$L^r = \{P_0, P_1, P_2, P_3\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{P_0, P_1, P_2, P_3\}$
$L_{P_i}^r = \{P_i\}$	
$X_{(r,P_3)} = \{P_3\}$	$X_{(r,P_2)} = \{P_2\} \cup \gamma_2^3 \cup \tilde{\gamma}_2^3$
$X_{(r,P_1)} = \{P_1\} \cup \gamma_1^2 \cup \tilde{\gamma}_1^2$	
$X_{(r,P_0)} = (S^1 \times S^1) \setminus \bigcup_{i=1}^3 X_{(r,P_i)}$	
$L^l = \{P_0, P_1, P_2, P_3\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{P_0, P_1, P_2, P_3\}$
$L_{P_i}^l = \{P_i\}$	
$X_{(l,P_0)} = \{P_0\}$	$X_{(l,P_1)} = \{P_1\} \cup \gamma_0^1 \cup \tilde{\gamma}_0^1$
$X_{(l,P_2)} = \{P_2\} \cup \gamma_1^2 \cup \tilde{\gamma}_1^2$	
$X_{(l,P_3)} = (S^1 \times S^1) \setminus \bigcup_{i=0}^2 X_{(l,P_i)}$	



$L^r = \gamma^{-1} \cup \gamma^1$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{-\infty, *_{-1}, *_{+1}, +\infty\}$
$L_{-\infty}^r = \emptyset$	$L_{*_{-1}}^r = \gamma^{-1}$
$L_{+\infty}^r = \emptyset$	$L_{*_{+1}}^r = \emptyset$
$X_{(r,-\infty)} = S^1 \times (-\infty, -1)$	$X_{(r,*_{-1})} = S^1 \times [-1, 1)$
$X_{(r,*_{+1})} = S^1 \times \{1\}$	$X_{(r,+\infty)} = S^1 \times (1, +\infty)$
$L^l = \gamma^{-1} \cup \gamma^1$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{*_{-1}, *_{+1}\}$
$L_{*_{-1}}^l = \gamma^{-1}$	$L_{*_{+1}}^l = \gamma^1$
$X_{(l,-\infty)} = S^1 \times (-\infty, -1]$	$X_{(l,*_{-1})} = S^1 \times (-1, +\infty)$
$X_{(l,*_{+1})} = S^1 \times (1, +\infty)$	$X_{(l,+\infty)} = S^1 \times (+\infty, +\infty)$

4. Dynamical systems on \mathbb{R}^2 and $S^2 = \mathbb{R}^2 \cup \{\infty\}$:

4.1.



$\phi: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2,$
 $\phi(r, (u_1, u_2)) = (e^{r\lambda_1}u_1, e^{r\lambda_2}u_2),$
 $\phi(r, \infty) = \infty$ ($\lambda_1 > 0, \lambda_2 < 0$)

(\mathbb{R}^2, ϕ)	$L^r = \{0\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^r = \{\infty, 0, \infty_+\}$
	$L_0^r = \{0\}$	$L_{\infty_-}^r = L_{\infty_+}^r = \emptyset$
	$X_{(r,0)} = \{0\} \times \mathbb{R}$	$X_{(r,\infty_+)} = \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}, X_{(r,\infty_-)} = \mathbb{R}_- \times \mathbb{R}$
	$L^l = \{0\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^l = \{\infty^-, 0, \infty^+\}$
	$L_0^l = \{0\}$	$L_{\infty_-}^l = L_{\infty_+}^l = \emptyset$
	$X_{(l,0)} = \mathbb{R} \times \{0\}$	$X_{(l,\infty^+)} = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}_+, X_{(l,\infty^-)} = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}_-$

(S^2, ϕ)	$L^r = \{0, \infty\}$	$\tilde{\pi}_0^$