

SolarPACES

TECHNICAL REPORT

No. III - 2/99

Proceedings of the 13th Task III Meeting

within IEA SolarPACES on

"Solar Technology and Applications"

Kibbutz Shefayim, Israel

August 1999

**IEA-Solar Power and Chemical Energy Systems
Task III: Solar Technology and Applications**

SolarPACES, Operating Agent TASK III
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Stand-Alone Heliostat

IEA SolarPACES Task III Working Group Meeting
Kibbutz Shefayim, Israel, July 3rd 1999

First autonomous heliostat (Project status)

Ginés García and Andrés Egea (CIEMAT-DER/PSA)

José Antonio Gázquez (UALM)

Ciemat
AUTOR: Ginés García

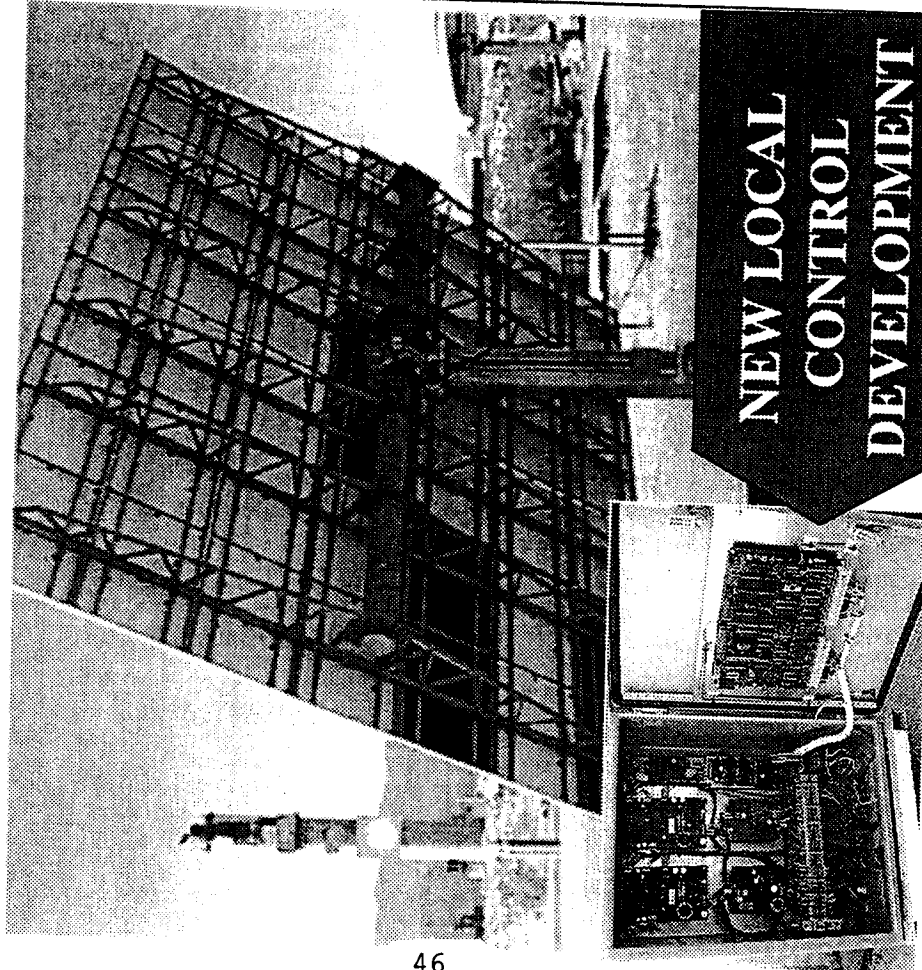
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Jerusalem,
July 1-3, 1999

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "R. PSA" with a starburst symbol above the "A".

Stand-Alone Heliostat



**NEW LOCAL
CONTROL
DEVELOPMENT**

THE NEW!

- PSA, with UALM collaboration, has designed a first Stand-Alone Heliostat
- Since April the stand-alone heliostat is continuously working at the PSA
- One 70m², "T" classical glass-metal heliostat has been adapted to include all the stand-alone concepts
- It's working without wires & channels
- It can operate in cloudy days
- It knows the weather conditions for auto-protection

Ciemat

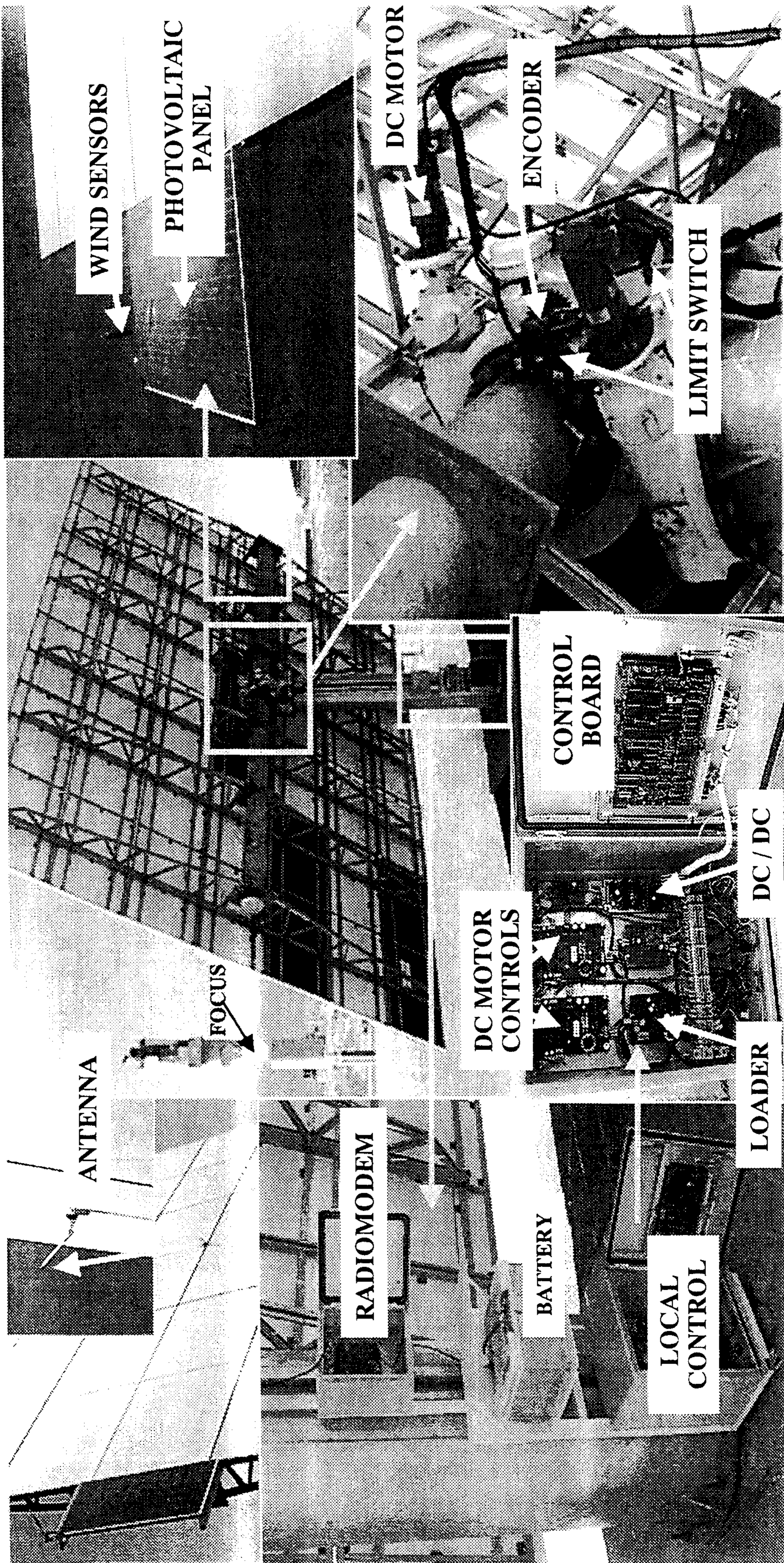
AUTOR: Gines Garcia

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Jerusalem,
July 1-3, 1999

Stand-Alone Heliostat



Ciemat

AVP/FP/CIEMAT/CIEMAT

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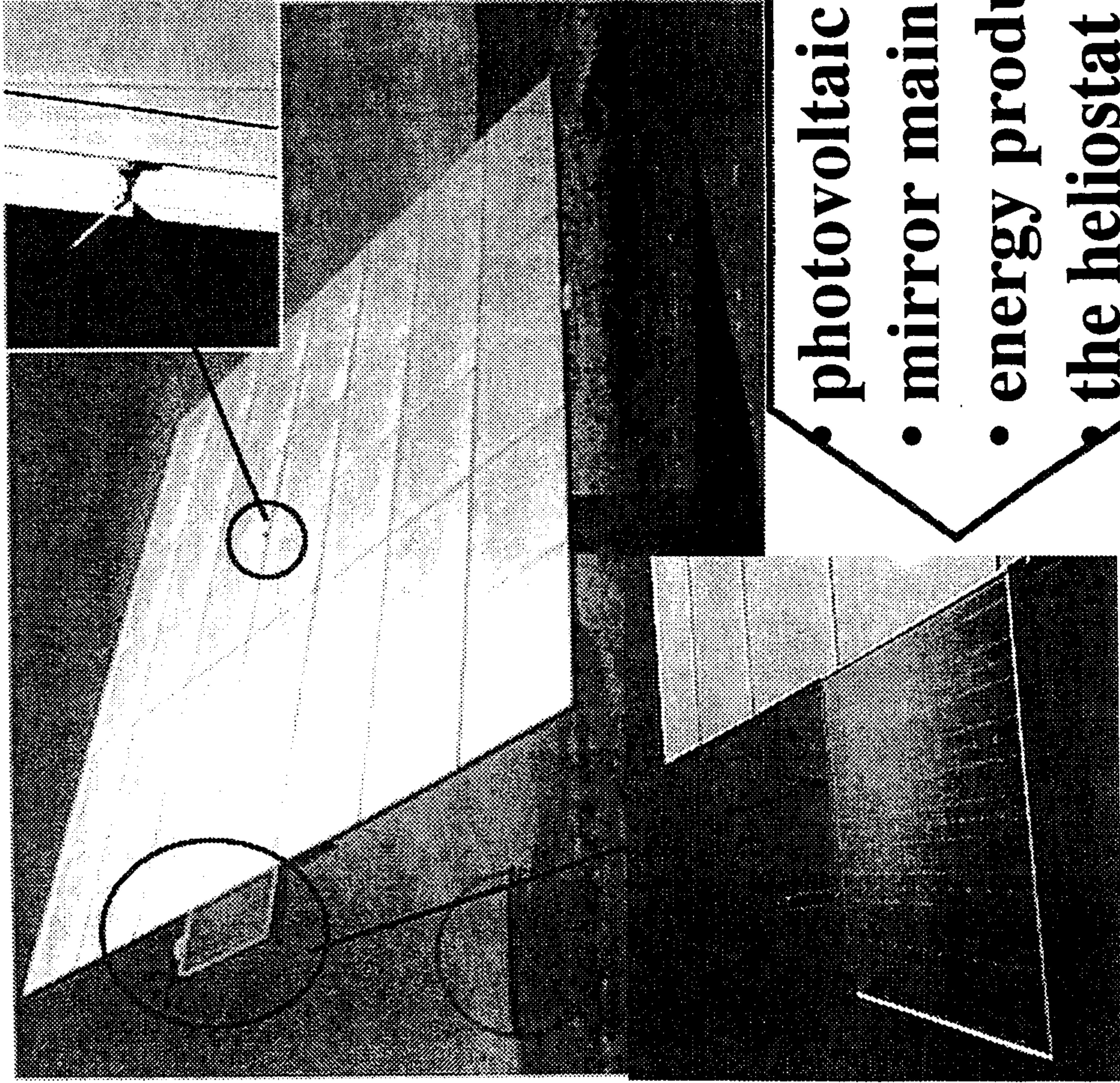
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Jerusalem,

July 13, 1999

R-75A

Stand-Alone Heliostat

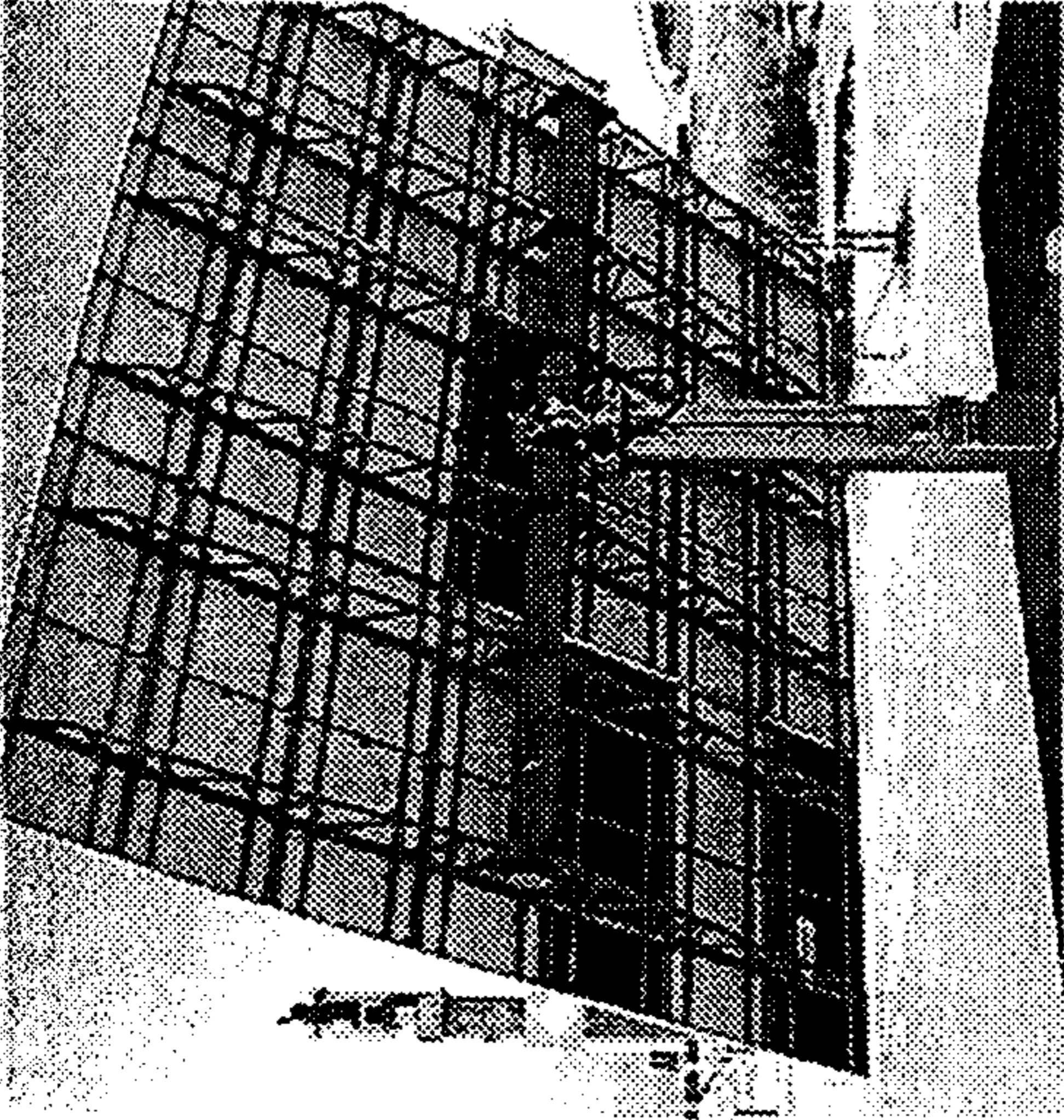


STAND-ALONE CONCEPTS

- To know real time and calendar
- Solar vector and axis position calculat.
- Photovoltaic energy to work
- Radio communications
- It can decide security actions (auto-protection)
- Powerful diagnosis

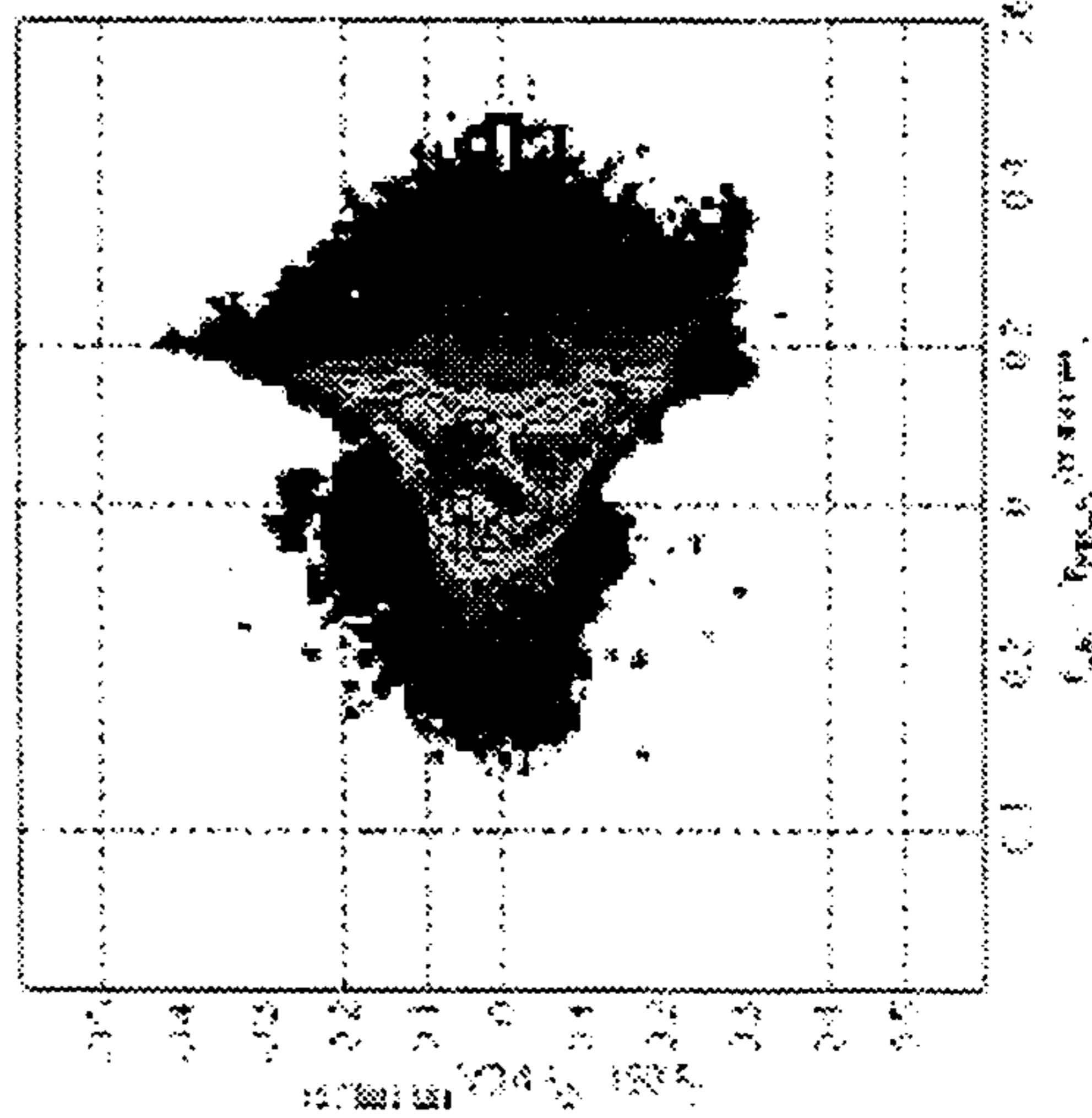
- photovoltaic panel located in the same facets plane
- mirror maintenance permits optimal panel condition
- energy productions in the same consumption time
- the heliostat solar tracking ↑ the energy produced

STAND-ALONE HELIOSTAT



- Classical "T" glass-metal heliostat of 70m²
- Located at 383m of the CESA1 Tower

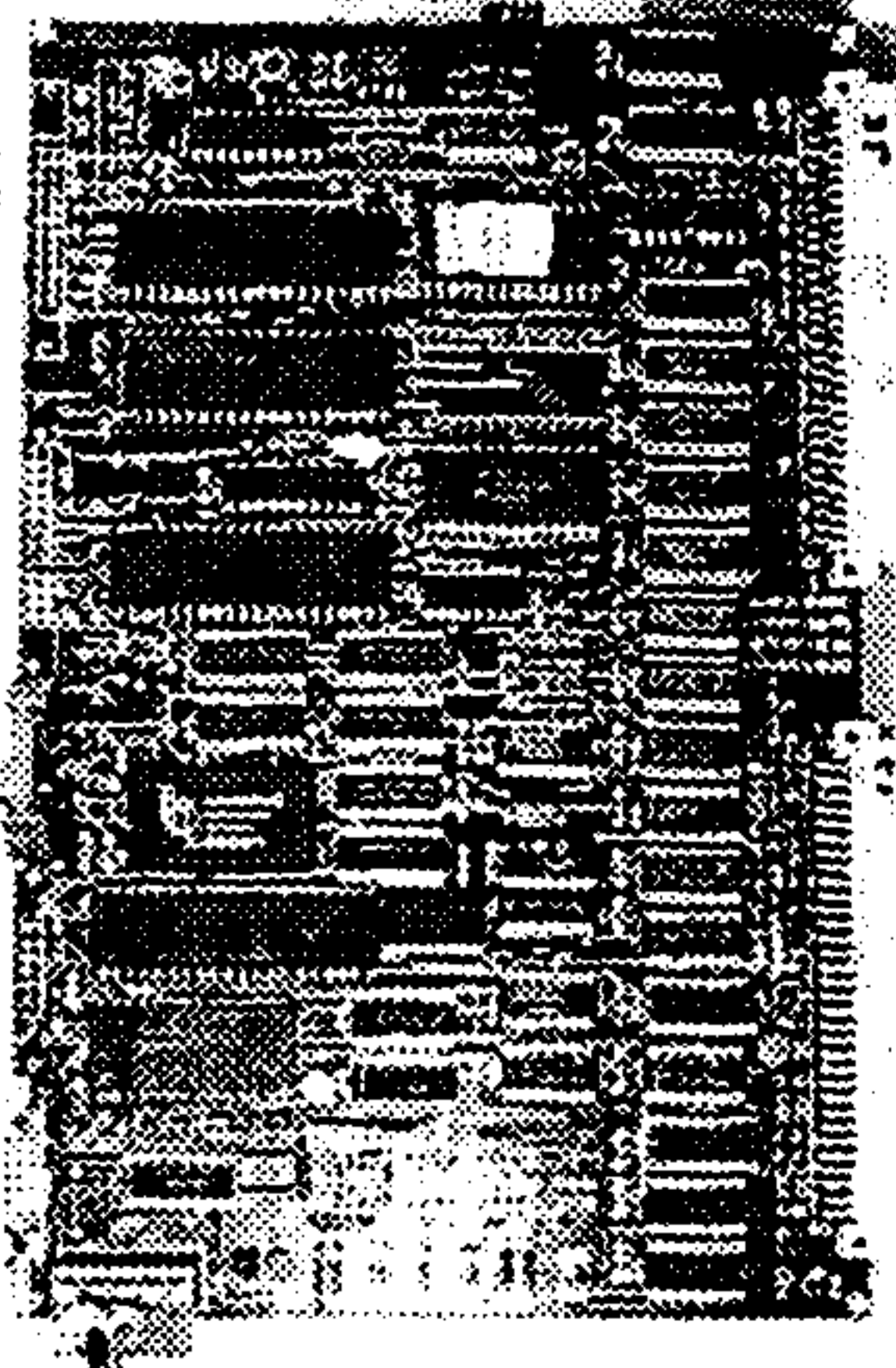
- Motors: 24Vdc, 10A, 3000rpm
- Geardrives ratio: 28000 / 1 azimuth&elevation
- Speed axis: High: 7.2°min & Low: 2° min
- Encoders: incremental type 3600x4 (14400bits)
- Angular resolution: 0.025° in each axe
- Photovoltaic panel: polySi, 24Vdc, 110Wp
- Battery: 2x12Vdc, 55AH
- Radiomodem: 400-470Mhz, messages encrypted
- Wind sensor: 9600baud, a lot frequencies
- Wind sensor: special magnetic switch
- Additional sensors: anemometer, PT100, piranometer
- Solar vector calc.: PSA hybrid algorithm, error<0,5min



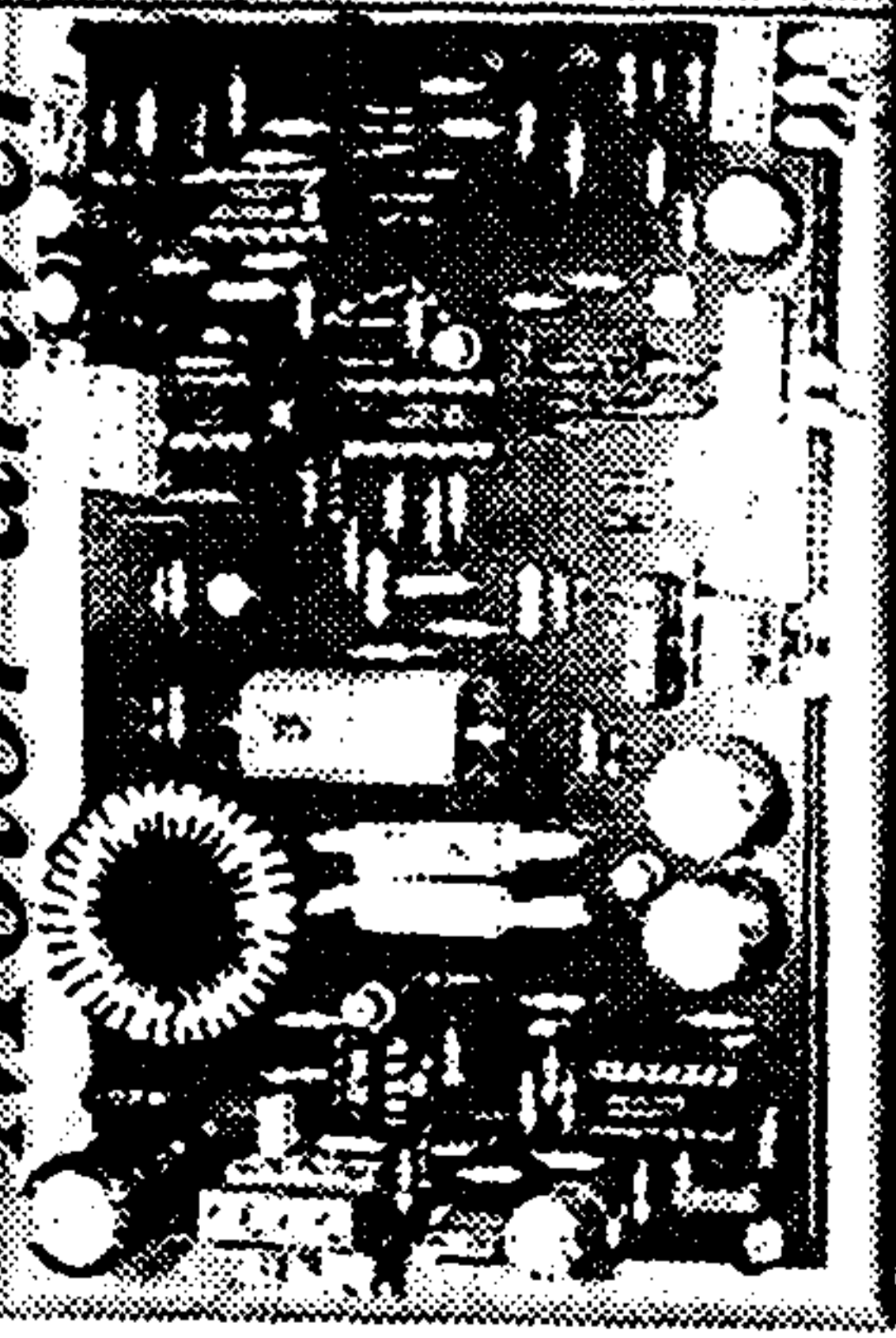
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Stand-Alone Heliostat

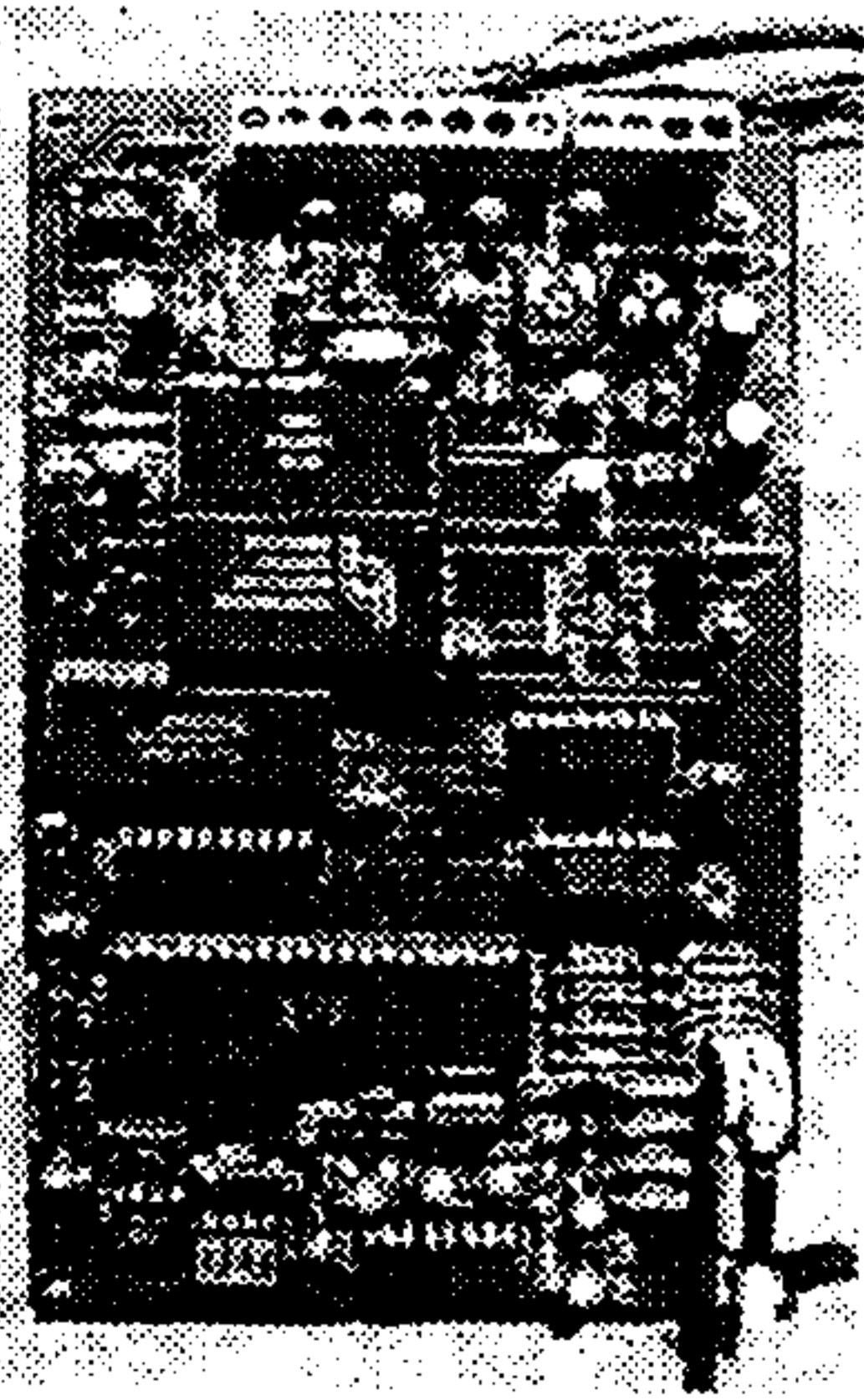
Control card



Motor driver



Modem card

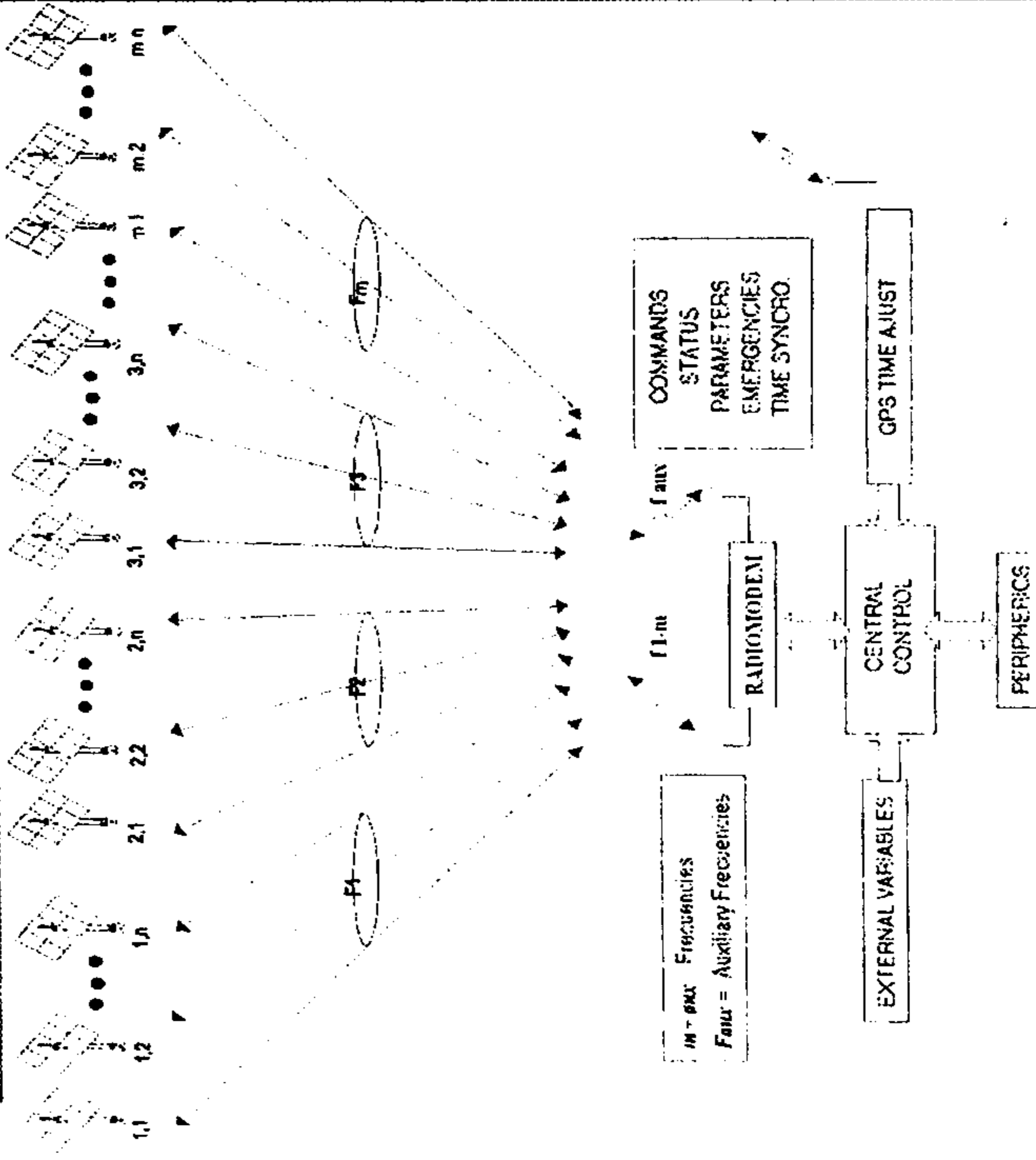
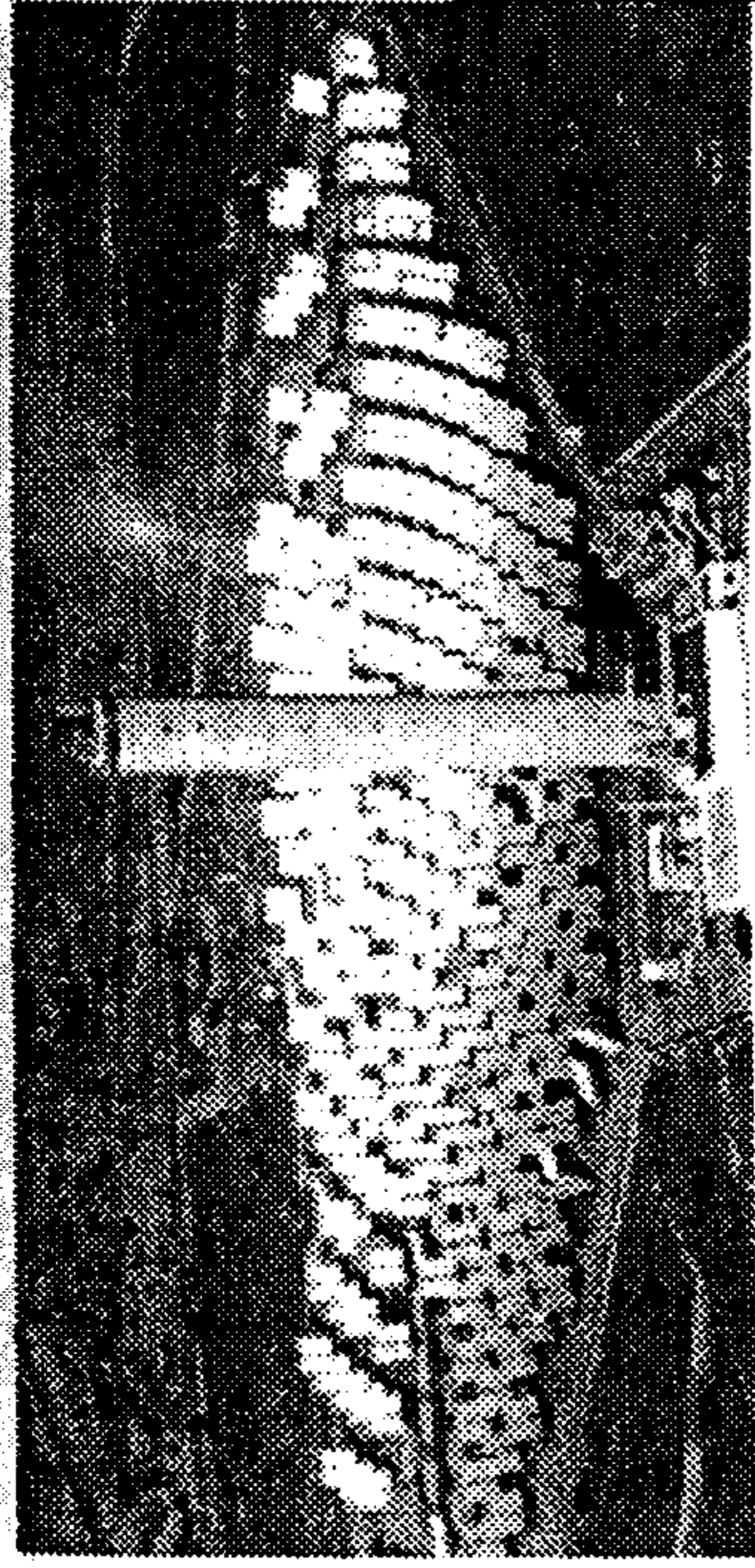


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NEW ELECTRONIC CARDS DEVELOPMENT

- Solar vector calculation using a hybrid PSA algorithm
 - Microcontroller with real time clock and calendar
 - Reading of two optical increm/abs encoders until 65536 bits
 - Reading of eight analog. signal (wind, consumption, temp..)
- High efficiently & low noise control DC motor speed(>90%)
 - DC Motors between 5 to 24Vdc, 0 to 15A
 - Several adjustable speeds and right and left directions
 - Overload and short-circuit protection
- An advanced radiomodem is controlled by microcontroller
 - 400-470MHz band and 9600bauds
 - Messages are identified and encrypted with time codes
 - It can switch 255 radio channels on different frequencies

Stand-Alone Heliostat



Stand-Alone Heliostats Field Advantages

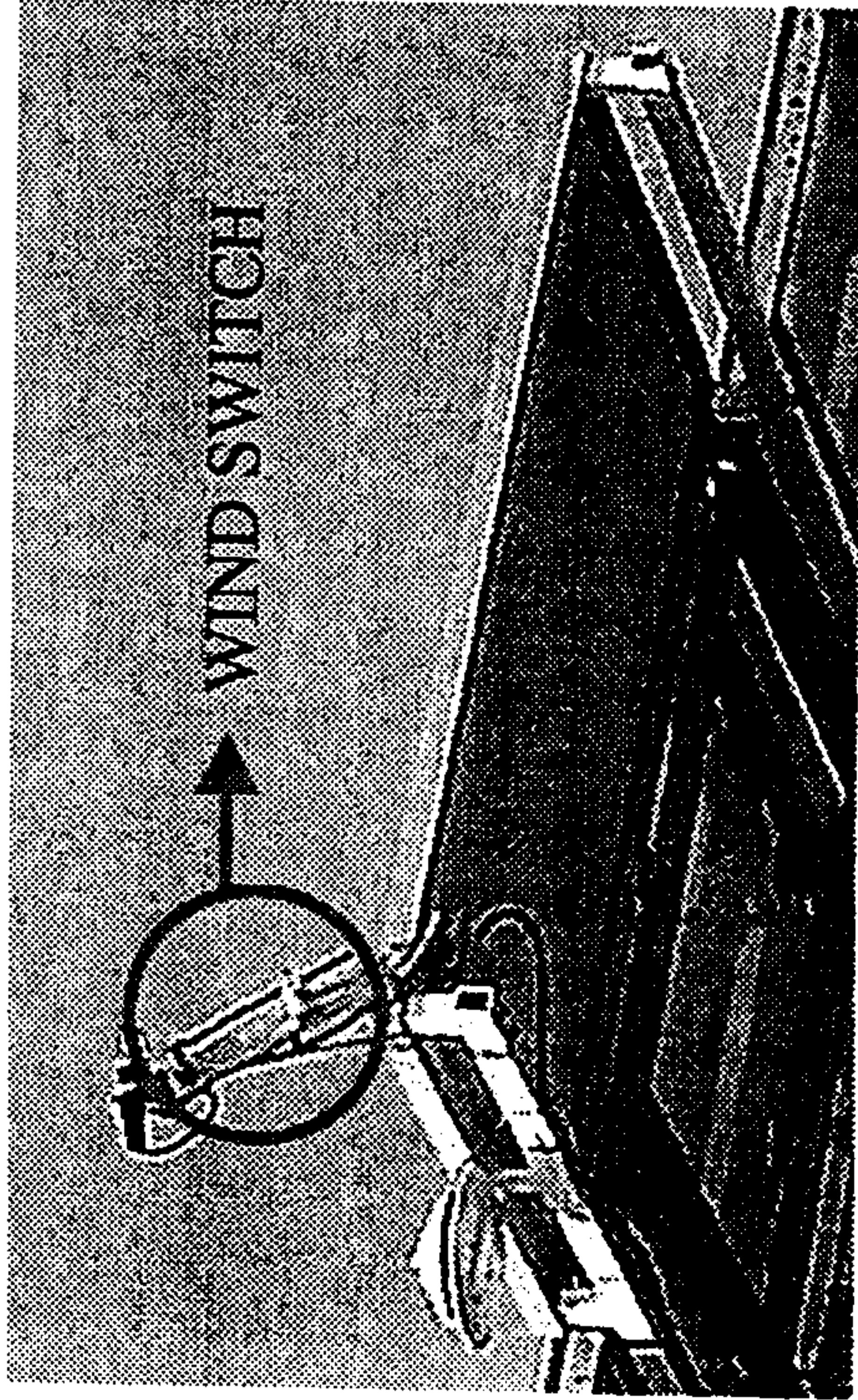
- Very low Infrastructures costs (wires, channels, electrical distribution and protection elements, UPS,...)
- Immunity of lightning damages
- Each heliostat has an Uninterrupted Power Unit and it'll not depend of conventional power supply
- These will use incremental encoders (cheaper) with the absolutes advantages (don't loose references)
- The field will continue in operation when software o electric cracks situations happen
- The new heliostat ampliations are very easy

Stand-Alone Heliostat

TEST CAMPAING

- We are going to check the preliminary photovoltaic & radiomodem designed
- We will get a data base from the electronic cards to evaluate it's
- During August the heliostat will work without assistance
- In September we will have enough data to adjust the designed. The results

will be published in October



PRELIMINARY COSTS

- Photovoltaic: about 1 Wp / m² 5 \$/m²
 - Battery and loader: 2 \$/m²
 - Radiomodem and antenna: 350 \$
 - Wind switch: 10 \$
- Total for 70m² heliostat: 850 \$**

Ciemat

AUTOR: Ginés García

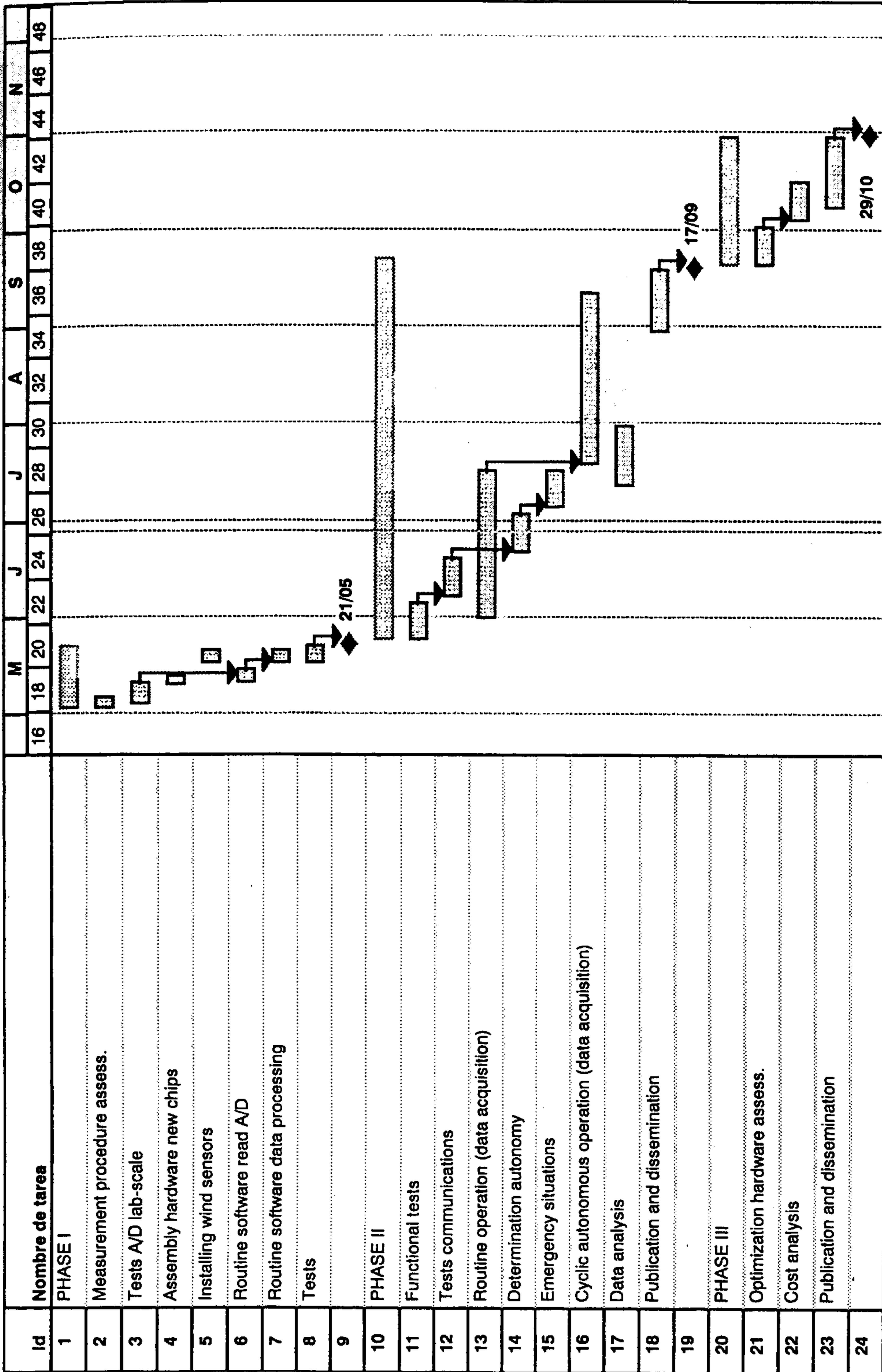
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Jerusalem,
July 1-3, 1999

Stand-Alone HelioStat

Heliostat tests chronogram



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